

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. VIII.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, MAY 28TH, 1887.

No. 30.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

WINNIPEG, May 25.

Colonel Osborne Smith is dead. Dumont is at Sun River, Montana, Mary Hamilton, winner of the Derby. The duty on pig iron has been doubled. Smythers, president of the Bank of Montreal, is dead.

Parliament resumed on Wednesday after a week's vacation.

Another attempt has been made upon the life of the Czar but failed.

Chief of police McCrae of this city was shot in the thigh while capturing a thief. He will recover.

Tupper has returned from a trip to Washington where he went, as it is understood, for the purpose of promoting a settlement of the fisheries question.

Mackenzie is the latest name mentioned as Dewdney's successor. The boom for C. H. Melotosh has entirely ceased.

The Ottawa government is determined to go ahead and grant patents to lands in the disputed territories. This it is thought will speedily bring matters to a head.

Two Blood Indians who were arrested for firing on freighters lately and sentenced to five years in Stony Mountain escaped from the police at Dunmore and have not been recaptured.

A man named Smith who was implicated in the Prince Albert mail robbery has been found dead at Salt plains. Indians are thought to have been the murderers and the supposed motive robbery.

O'Brien, nationalist, concludes his Canadian tour with a second address in Montreal to-night. He spoke at Montreal, Quebec and Ottawa without opposition. At Kingston there was some stone throwing but nothing serious. At Toronto there was a good deal of disorder at public meetings in the park with a regular riot at night when O'Brien started out to speak and was badly hurt. At Hamilton the O'Brien party was fired at. The agitator himself escaped but the driver of the conveyance in which he was was shot in the wrist. The rowdism displayed was pretty generally condemned by the respectable press.

Railroad agitation in Manitoba is at fever heat. The delegates sent from Winnipeg to Ottawa met with no success. The provincial government has taken authority from the legislature to build a road from Winnipeg to connect with the Northern Pacific at the provincial boundary. It is determined by the government and legislature to proceed with the work at all hazards. Sir Geo. Stephen, president of the C. P. R., has sent Norquay a telegram threatening to remove the work shops from Winnipeg to Fort William should the bill be passed. Also to build a line from Selkirk to Portage la Prairie and then to abandon the road west of Sudbury. These threats, all of which are contrary to the obligations entered into by the company, have set the people here very wild and make opposition to monopoly hotter than ever. Numerous mass meetings were held in Winnipeg last night, representatives being present from all parts of the province, to uphold the action of the government and condemn Stephen's contemplated intimidation.

WINNIPEG, May 27.

Watson's anti disallowance resolutions were defeated in Ottawa yesterday on a vote of 113 to 65. All the territorial representatives voted against, and Chisholm of British Columbia, Scarth and Day, with the entire opposition, voted for them.

The estimates for '87-8 appropriate \$96,707 for expenses of government in the North-West against \$76,400 for the current year, \$2,000 for sessional indemnity to members of the North-West Council against \$8,000 this year and \$2,000 for travelling expenses against \$1,500 this year. To compensate members of the mounted police for injuries received \$2,000 against an equal amount this year. Mounted police \$63,426, against \$779,975 this year. Indians \$43,195, against \$80,754 this year. Telegraph line Battleford to Edmonton via Pitt, \$15,000. Bridge across Bow river at Calgary \$12,000. Improving North Saskatchewan \$6,000. North-West Council building \$500. Public buildings in the North-West generally \$5,000. Prince Albert court house and jail \$10,000. Immigration agent at Qu'Appelle \$1,400, at Medicine Hat \$1,200, at Calgary \$1,200. Interpreter at Qu'Appelle, \$800, for the North-West \$800. Salaries of five North-West judges, \$2,000, of five sheriffs, \$2,500, travelling expenses of judges, \$4,000. Lieut.-governor of North-West \$4,000.

## LOCAL.

RIVER rising steadily.

SASKATOON bushes are in blossom.

MONDAY and TUESDAY were very hot.

REV. CANON NEWTON has lilacs in bloom at the Hermitage.

THE programme for the Jubilee celebration will be out to day.

C. CHARLIE & Jos. GILLE left for up the river to mine on Monday.

G. A. WATSON barrister, has admitted C. H. COMMON into partnership.

VOTING on the erection of east Edmonton school district on Wednesday next.

W. R. BRERETON left for Victoria by river on Wednesday with H. B. supplies.

FRANK KERNOHAN has charge of the post office during the absence of Mr. Osborne.

THREE rafts came down for Fraser & Co. last Saturday. The saw mill is now running steadily.

SEVERAL patents for lots on the Fraser estate, purchased before survey, arrived by last mail.

JARVIS, STEWART AND MOWAT left for the Landing on Wednesday evening with a large outfit of H. B. freight.

G. SANDERSON has the foundation laid for dwelling to be erected at once, 24x30, story and a half frame, with brick inside.

THE Battleford volunteers and home guard have been ordered to send in their government arms, to be stored in Winnipeg.

The Winnipeg Sun says that no legislation respecting the form of government in the North-West will be passed this session.

A. D. OSBORNE left by Thursday's stage for the east to procure means of prospecting thoroughly the coal oil find up the river.

THE Queen's birthday passed very quietly at Edmonton, the only event of consequence being the shooting match in the afternoon.

THE appointment of Mr. Mackenzie as Lieut.-governor of the North-West would do credit to both head and heart of the government.

An Orkney and Shetland society has recently been organized in Winnipeg. Such a society should secure a good membership at Edmonton.

Mr. CUSHING of Jarrett & Cushing manufacturers of dressed lumber, Calgary, arrived on Tuesday evening on a business visit and left Thursday.

THE apple trees brought into the country in the fall of '85 and planted out last spring have uniformly come through the winter well and are leafing out beautifully.

SHAREHOLDERS in the Edmonton Cemetery company who have not paid up their second call will not be entitled to vote at the annual meeting for the election of directors.

A. C. SHAW, late of the firm of Radenhurst & Shaw, barristers, Perth, Ont., and brother of Chas. L. Shaw, barrister, of this place, is removing to Calgary to practice his profession.

AT Edmonton on Thursday afternoon last before A. H. Griesbach J. P. P. Kennedy vs. E. Juneau, wages. Claim admitted excepting one day and judgment for plaintiff with costs.

GEO. ROY registrar is erecting a dwelling on block 4, north side of Victoria avenue, H. B. reserve, 26x30, story and a half frame, finished throughout with dressed lumber. F. Degagne contractor.

MR. ROBERT STRACHAN who has for upwards of a year been acting provisionally as Crown prosecutor has been formally appointed to that position for the Edmonton district by the minister of justice.

THE new telegraph line is completed from Battleford to Pitt and construction is proceeding on the 90 miles from Saddle lake to Pitt from both ends, under chief repairers McKay at Saddle lake and Carter at Pitt.

C. STEWART reached the Landing on Friday of last week. He and C. Fraser will start down the Athabasca about June 1st. The river is high. Geo. Elmore and party left the Landing sometime early last week.

THE Minister of Interior has decided to visit Edmonton in July; coming by way of Calgary and going down the river to Battleford and perhaps Prince Albert, thence out to the railroad line and on to British Columbia.

THE Calgary Tribune reports that Owen E. Hughes, M. N. W. C., will be appointed sheriff of Saskatchewan, and H. E. Ross, who has been appointed sheriff in that district will be given the shrievalty for Northern Alberta.

AD. MCPHERSON's teams arrived on Monday with freight for Norris & Carey, Ross Bros. and others. There were three string teams, six horses and two wagons in each, taking 7,000 lbs. of freight each, and several single teams.

IS going to the Landing last week Colin Fraser shot a large black bear weighing about 300 pounds, on the Towatnaw creek, above the crossing. He made a raft and floated the carcass down to the crossing of the creek, where it was taken by the carts to the Landing.

FOUR hundred dollars has been appropriated from the North-West Council grant for permanent bridges on the Pipestone and other creeks on the Bow river trail in addition to the \$400 already expended in improvements on the road, making a total expenditure on that road from North-West government funds of \$800.

TWENTY-SEVEN miles of the old telegraph line has been burned down east of Hay lakes and five miles east of Leduc telegraph office, which accounts for the length of time it has been down, only being got up temporarily on Wednesday last. Repairers McKinlay and Noel of Elenor and Leduc respectively arrived on Wednesday for supplies and have gone out again to continue repairs on the line.

A NEW school building has been completed in Bellrose Roman Catholic district, St. Albert settlement, and is now occupied. It is 22x24 and cost \$600. The school was recently inspected and pronounced in a satisfactory condition. Number of pupils on the roll 24, average attendance 12, A. Arcand teacher. The assessment of the district for this year is \$32,000 and the rate 10 mills on the dollar. W. Cust is the principal tax payer of the district, his taxes last year amounting to \$104.

S. B. LUCAS, Indian agent at Peace Hills, says in his annual report dated August 12, '86, "Chief Sharphead (Stony) is, although a well meaning man, too old to exert a controlling influence over his men. This band is the most difficult to manage of any in this agency; their instructor Mr. Norris has been very patient and firm in his dealings with them, and is now doing well." Since the report was written Mr. Norris has been discharged without any cause being assigned, evidently not at the wish of Mr. Lucas.

COMMISSIONER WRIGLEY of the H. B. Co. accompanied by his son and private secretary and Mr. Thompson of the H. B. store Calgary arrived on Thursday evening at 7:30 and was received with a salute from the cannon of the H. B. fort. The party left Calgary at 6:40 on Wednesday morning, and came through in 23½ hours actual driving with two of Leeson & Scotts teams, P. Campbell, No. 1, driver, a rate of nearly nine miles an hour for 195 miles. The commissioner with his son and secretary leave this morning for the Athabasca Landing by M. McCauley's teams.

C. H. MACKINTOSH, ex M. P. for Ottawa city, who is spoken of as the probable successor of Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney is a native of Western Ontario. He went to Ottawa about '76 and became connected with the editorial staff of the Ottawa Citizen, of which paper he soon became managing editor. He was elected mayor in '78 and '79, and in '82 was elected member for Ottawa. At the last election he contested Russell in the conservative interest, but was defeated by W. C. Edwards. He is still connected with the Citizen. He visited the North-West during the late election campaign and spoke in favor of the conservative candidates in Assinibina east and west. He is considered an able politician and is fairly popular.

THE rifle match on Tuesday last among the members of the Edmonton rifle association was not a brilliant success in point of shooting as the winning side did not make 50 per cent of the possible score. The reasons probably were that in the early part of the match the heat and glare were insufferable and in the latter part there was a very high changeable wind. The captains of the teams were Messrs. M. McCauley president of the association and Jas. McDonald vice president. The ranges were 200, 400 and 600 yards. The following are the scores: Vice president's team Jas. McDonald 29, Fred. H. Sache 37, Jas. Godfridge 29, D. E. Noyes 32, W. H. Connors 29, S. Whitford 29, Thos. Stewart 17, J. R. Michael 29, Jas. Martin 32, total 263. President's team M. McCauley 47, Edward Looby 31, John Losby 30, Luke Kelly 28, Jas. McMunn 29, T. B. Henderson 32, P. McCallum 38, J. Belden 36, K. A. McLeod 42, total 333, winning by 70 points. Possible score 675. The winners had the pleasure of taking supper at the Jasper house at the expense of their opponents.

WM. SUTHERLAND of Fort Qu'Appelle was elected member of the North-West Council for Qu'Appelle district on May 24th over four opponents.

P. V. GAUVREAU land agent is erecting a dwelling on block 4 north side of Victoria avenue, H. B. reserve, 18x26 with kitchen attached 10x10, both story and a half frame, finished outside with dressed lumber and inside with plaster. Also on an adjoining lot an office 18x26, one story frame, finished same as dwelling. F. Degagne contractor.

W. THOMAS who mined coal here in the winter of '84-5 is prospecting for coal at Scarlett's place on the Bow river trail 40 miles north of Calgary. A seam four or five inches thick was discovered last fall in the valley on the north side of the creek, and was worked to good advantage last winter. The south side of the creek is now being prospected in the hope of finding a thicker seam. Thomas is hopeful that a good seam of hard coal will be struck.

J. F. AND THOS. SMITH and party returned from Battleford on Thursday morning, having left Battleford on the 18th. They left Edmonton on April 28th with six flatboats with 2,000 bushels of grain and potatoes and reached Battleford on May 11th. They followed close upon the ice all the way down, catching up to it at Victoria and again near Pitt and had the advantage of the backing up of the water caused by it to float their boats over the shallows. The water fell considerably after reaching Battleford. The only trouble experienced was at Pointe le Pied, where one boat had to be unloaded. On the second occasion of catching up to the ice the boats were nearly aground, as the jam of ice broke during the night and the water lowered about 15 feet in consequence. One thousand bushels of grain and 300 of potatoes were on Indian department contract, the remainder for private sale. The grain and potatoes retailed at \$2 a bushel but cash was scarce and they could not be sold in quantities for more than \$1 to \$1.25. There was very little building going on and times were consequently dull. There was some difficulty in disposing of the lumber of the flatboats. Potatoes are being freighted in from Duck lake and South Branch, and seed grain from Swift Current. The government is issuing relief seed to farmers. A fair amount of land is being sown as the season has been favorable so far and a good return is expected.

K division of police left Battleford on the 17th. There was a very considerable snow fall at Battleford on the 14th and at the Blackfoot hills on the 20th. The snow was soft and soon went off. The country along the telegraph line is chiefly burned and of course a great deal of the line as well.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THE LADIES OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Tender their thanks to Mr. Cameron and the Free Masons for the use of their rooms, which they so kindly lent for the Calico Ball. Also to Messrs. McMunn, Stiff and Michael for providing the music, and to Messrs. Brown, Ross Bros. and the H. B. Co. for their kindness in lending for decorations, &c.

### NOTICE.

#### EDMONTON CEMETERY COMPANY (LIMITED).

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Edmonton Cemetery Company (Limited) will be held in the Public School House, Edmonton, on Saturday the 25th day of June next at the hour of 2 p.m. When the annual reports will be submitted and the Directors for the ensuing year elected as well as other business transacted.

C. F. STRANG,  
Edmonton, 27th May, 1887. Secy. Treas.

### NOTICE TO FARMERS.

If you want to be up to the times and save useless outlay in wages and mending old rat-traps of machines, buy from us THE FIRST AND ONLY GENUINE ALL STEEL BINDER made in Canada. The Toronto Mower, The Massey Harvester, The Sharpe's Brake. We will now book orders for above and for the Finest Binding Twine Manufactured, up till 1st of May next. You should see our new prices and order at once to ensure delivery. We will agree to cancel any order for harvesting machinery, should purchasers' crop be destroyed before time for cutting.

BLAKE & KNOWLES.

### JOB PRINTING

At the BURLINSON OFFICE

**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription - Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MAY 28, 1887.

Reported that a deputation of North-West members have waited upon the government urging that all North-West appointments be made from North-West residents, and especially that Mr. Dewdney's successor be chosen from the people already living in the North-West. In this connection, where is the clamor that was supposed to be raised in the North-West for Mr. Dewdney's re-appointment?

J. J. C. ABBOT, mayor of Montreal, has been appointed a senator and is to become minister of the new department of trade and commerce. Mr. Abbot is solicitor for the C. P. R. and sat in the last parliament as such. He will represent the C. P. R. in the cabinet and being in the senate be above responsibility to the public. There is no doubt Mr. Abbot is a capable man and will look carefully after the interests of those in whose behalf he has accepted the position. The C. P. R. will soon have eastern Canada cornered as badly as western Canada.

SIR DONALD SMITH and Sir George Stephen of Montreal are two very rich gentlemen. Lately they built themselves residences costing a million each. Still later they donated half a million each to a hospital to be erected in Montreal. These gentlemen are the moving spirits in the C. P. R. and from it the greater part of their wealth is supposed to be derived. The annual meeting of the company held on May 12 showed the surplus of the earnings of the C. P. R. to be \$635,444 for division among all the shareholders. It is evident from this return that Sir Donald and Sir George did not derive their great wealth from legitimate profits on the C. P. R., and the only question is did they derive it from illegitimate profits. To this there can be only one answer.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT criticizing Sir Charles Tupper's budget speech showed how little reliance can be placed in Sir Charles by instancing his promises regarding the construction of the C. P. R. and the development of the North-West. He had promised that the C.P.R. would not cost us one cent. It now stands on Canada's books for \$71,000,000, for which the country has not received one cent. He had promised that by 1891 land sales in the North-West would have aggregated \$71,000,000. Up to date the receipts were \$1,200,000 less than the expenditures. He had promised that the North-West would yield 640,000,000 bushels of wheat per year. It had yielded a little less than 5,000,000. Judging by the difference between Sir Charles former promises and his performances, if the width of difference is maintained his promise of an increase of population by only 100,000 means national bankruptcy.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER in his late budget speech announced that the duty was to be taken off anthracite coal and an increased duty amounting to \$4 a ton levied on pig iron. The free coal from the States will cause blast furnaces to be erected at Cobourg, Kingston, Welland's bay and all over Ontario and Quebec. At the same time the output of Nova Scotia and North-West coal will be increased and a market furnished for charcoal to be manufactured out of the forests of Ontario and Quebec. The present consumption of 250,000 tons of pig iron annually will be produced in Canada, giving employment to 20,000 men, furnishing support for 100,000 people at present in the country, and increase our population by 100,000. At the same time the extra duty to be paid on iron imported will amount to half a million dollars, which will be fully set off by the reduction in the duty on coal. It may be gathered from the above that those who assert that Sir Charles is the most colossal liar of the age are wrong. A lie is something intended and likely to deceive. The statements of Sir Charles are not calculated to deceive any but the veriest fools, or those who wish to be deceived. If the United States with greater natural facilities, immense aggregations of capital, an immense home market and fifty years of experience finds a protective duty of \$6 a ton necessary to the protection of this industry how is Canada with its coal and iron far apart, or importing its coal, with small capital, a small home market and less experience to get along with a protection of only \$4 a ton? If a protective duty of \$6 a ton is necessary in the States at least a third more instead of a third less is necessary in Canada—that is if protection is an advantage, which experience since 1878 has shown that it is not.

THE financial advantages of having the North-West governed by an irresponsible official are most clearly set forth in the public accounts of Canada for the year ending June 30th, '86. In the estimates for that year \$39,000 was appropriated for expenses of government in the North-West, and this was supplemented by \$28,650. There was besides an unexpended balance of \$2,000 from '84-5, a total of \$67,652 available for expenditure in '85-6. Of this amount only \$88,674 was expended, leaving \$28,777 in the treasury. During the year the expenditure on schools was \$8,908, on roads bridges and ferries, \$3,940. If the North West was entitled to a grant of \$67,452 which it probably was as the grant for '87-8 is over \$90,000 the profit to the federal government in having a territorial government which would only expend \$34,000 of the amount is plain. But the profit to the people of the North-West to whom the money properly belonged, who only received less than \$4,000 of the sum in public improvements is not so apparent. The North-West is more interested in filling up mud holes and bridging streams than in piling up a surplus for the federal treasury just now.

THE Winnipeg Commercial recently relieved its mind editorially on the subject of responsible government for the North-West as proposed by Mr. Davin. There is a strong family resemblance between the tone of the article and that of the eastern papers on the disallowance of Manitoba railway charters. It is absurd the Commercial thinks that 25,000 people should sit to be saddled with an expensive form of government. If the Commercial will show how the responsible form is necessarily more expensive to the people than the irresponsible, the absurdity will be apparent, but if it cannot then its argument is absurd. Possibly responsible government for the Territories might mean a heavier pull from the federal treasury. But not more so than the territories are equitably entitled to. There is no alarming danger that under a provincial arrangement the North-West would get more than its fair share of federal funds. And having got its share the manner of expenditure would be its own business. The Commercial thinks that already Canada is too much governed. Possibly. But it is not proposed to increase the number of governments, and the Commercial does not propose to decrease the number. It is admitted that the North-West is entitled to local government, as has been universally admitted since the appointment of the first North-West Council about '71. There is no reason why it should not now assume the form of self government. Nor why that should not be in the shape of responsible government. At present the government of the North-West is simply a branch of the interior department. A scratch of the pen by the minister may alter its composition, its powers, its standing, may take it out of existence. The matters entrusted to its care are of the same nature and as important as those entrusted to the provincial legislatures. It is evident that in its present wild-of-the-wisp condition it cannot deal as satisfactorily with these matters as if it stood on a solid basis of existence with definite revenues and fixed powers. Permanent legislation cannot be effected by the creature of a breath such as the present council. It is the element of permanency that is chiefly desired to be attained by the securing of responsible government, and it is this very element that the federal government is most anxious to avoid. How, for instance, can a government which is merely a branch of a federal department fight for the people's rights in the matter of the taxation of speculator's land for municipal and educational purposes, or how can the fight be maintained by a council where the popular vote is swayed by government tools. A legislature or a government as well as an individual must have solid standing ground before it can make a good fight, and as long as the federal government can have the help of disinterested parties such as the Commercial in preventing a North-West government from getting a solid footing on which to make a stand for popular rights, so long those rights will be withheld.

## P. DALY, BANKER,

Drafts issued and collections made.  
~~Office~~, P. Daly & Co's. Drug Store, Edmonton.

## BRING YOUR TIRED WATCHES AND LAME CLOCKS

TO  
E. RAYMER,  
And have them repaired.  
I keep on hand  
WALTHAM, ELGIN & SPRINGFIELD  
WATCHES.

Gent's Chains, Seals and Charms.

### ALSO

Clocks of every variety.  
Jewellery made from Saskatchewan Gold and Diamonds. Every shape or design required.

~~All work warranted.~~

E. RAYMER,  
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER.

NOTE—Store, first door east of Jasper House. Sign of Watch.

## NEW GOODS.

Just opened out, a fine lot of New Goods, including a choice assortment of  
BOOTS & SHOES

Of all kinds for Men, Women and Children.

### MEN'S SOFT FELT HATS.

In drab, black and white.

### A LOT OF COW BOY HATS.

### BOYS' HATS & YOUTHS' HATS.

### MENS' DRESS SHIRTS,

Every variety.

### BOYS' & YOUTHS' SUMMER SUITS,

Very cheap.

### MENS' RIDING PANTS & WATERPROOF COATS.

Also a lot of HARDWARE, such as Nails, Tar Paper, Door Locks and Hinges, Axes and Handles, Garden Rakes and Hoes, Spades and Shovels, Wringers and Churns, the best made.

These goods have all been marked low to suit the times and the prices cannot fail to please all.

Am now selling off the balance of Men's Suits and Pants at near cost to make room for others to arrive soon. Suits for \$8; good pants \$2.

JOHN A. McDougall.

## HOLD THEM DOWN.

### NOTHING LIKE OPPPOSITION.

We are now bringing in the different lines by the car load. Buying in such quantities for CASH, in the cheapest markets, we are prepared to give our customers and the public the FULL benefit.

### SPACE WILL NOT ADMIT OF AN ENUMERATION.

### HARDWARE Now Complete.

CROCKERY "

READY-MADE CLOTHING "

GROCERIES, Fresh Goods More on way.

BOOTS & SHOES — Part Fall and Winter Stock to Hand.

### DRY GOODS.

#### New Prints,

" Yarns, all colors,

" Hoses,

" Gloves,

" Handkerchiefs in silk and cotton,

" Velveteens,

" Mantles and Jackets for Ladies, Misses and children in great variety.

### TUB BUTTER,

First quality, Just Arrived.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

## QUALITY, QUANTITY, CHEAPNESS.

### ALBERTA BOOT & SHOE HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

QUALITY.—From the Best Makers in the Dominion.

QUANTITY.—10,000 Pairs.

CHEAPNESS.—Buying for Spot Cash in Cash Loads we are able to beat any tippy-tappy odds and ends on the market.

### SPECIALTIES.

#### WOMEN'S

BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPERS.—From milkers to Drawing room.

#### FEMALES

Do from Babies' in arms to sweet sixtys.

#### MENS'

Riders, Waukenphas, Brogans, Jerseys, BOYS'

Long and Short.

OUR SUMMER STOCK is now complete in Every Line and embraces the LATEST NOVELTIES including the "JUBILEE" in LADIES', MISSES', and CHILDREN'S.

INSPECTION INVITED.

STEWART & BANNERMAN.

## NORRIS & CAREY.

Beg to inform their customers that they have opened a

### WHOLESALE & JOBBING ESTABLISHMENT.

And are prepared to offer goods at

### PRICES HITHERTO UNKNOWN.

In Edmonton.

~~Give us a call and satisfy yourselves.~~

NORRIS & CAREY,  
St. Albert Road.

## H. W. MCKENNY,

### GENERAL MERCHANT,

SAINT ALBERT,

Begs to announce to the public that he has just brought in an

### IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS

Which he offers at

### WHOLESALE & RETAIL

AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

A full stock of

CHOICE GROCERIES,  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS & SHOES,  
DRY GOODS,  
CROCKERY, ETC.,

Is now shown.

### TERMS CASH.

Call and examine.

H. W. MCKENNY.

## INDIANS.

The report of the department of Indian affairs of the year ending June 30th '86 has been received. The superintendent general reports that Indian affairs generally are in a progressive condition. The Six Nation Indians of Ontario are increasing in numbers and prosperity. The sale of Indian lands in the eastern provinces yields a very considerable revenue, which is expended for the benefit of the Indians. A large number of schools are being carried on and a more perfect system is to be inaugurated. The physical health of the Indians has been generally good. Those in the North-West are recovering from the effects of the rebellion. Lengthy allusion is made to the troubles at Metlakatla on the British Columbia coast and the blame thrown entirely and severely on Rev. Mr. Duncan. The total number of Indians in Canada is given as 124,761, of which about 100,000 are under treaty. Manitoba and the North-West have 30,578, and British Columbia, 38,539 treaty and Peace river, 2,038, Athabasca, 8,000, Mackenzie river, 7,000 and the Arctic coast, 4,000 non-treaty. The total population of treaty 6, along the North Saskatchewan, is 6,329, Prince Albert agency had 1,687, Battleford, 1,463; Onion lake, 1,123, Victoria, 680, divided as follows:—Saddle lake, 78; Wahsatnow, 58; Egg lake, 47; Whitefish lake, 279; Lac la Biche, 16; Heart lake, 82; Beaver lake, 130; Edmonton, 853, divided as follows:—Upper Sturgeon river, 88; Lac St. Anne, 211; Lac la Nonne, 220; Stony Plain, 110; Two hills, 194; Peace hills, 863, divided as follows:—Ermine Skin, 172; Sampson, 275; Bob Tail, 101; Muddy Bull, 95; Sharp Head, 200. The expenditure from parliamentary appropriations on Indian account during the year was \$1,159,568, of which Manitoba and the North-West received \$1,097,934. This amount was divided as follows:—Annuities, \$135,918; agricultural implements, \$35,875; tools, \$5,686; cattle, \$37,713; seed grain, \$24,129; ammunition and twine, \$7,866; provisions for payments, \$20,766; provisions for destitute Indians, \$561,825; clothing, \$6,326; day schools, \$29,572; industrial schools, \$36,669; surveys, \$8,874; farm wages, \$36,965; farm maintenance, \$22,265; Sioux, \$3,570; general expenses, \$146,128. There are 77 Indian schools in Manitoba and the North West with 2,356 names on the rolls and an average attendance of 1,303. A salary of \$300 per year and \$12 per year for each pupil over 25 up to 42 is paid to each teacher of a school supported wholly by the government. Schools supported in part by missionary societies, receive from the department \$12 per annum per pupil up to 25. The schools in the Edmonton agency are: Alexander's reserve, Rev. Pere Blanchet teacher, number of pupils on roll 25, average attendance 17; open one quarter only. Two hills reserve, Rev. Pere Lize, teacher, number on roll, 53; average attendance 25; open three quarters. Stony plain reserve, Magnus Anderson, teacher, number on roll 31; average attendance, 18. St. Albert mission and Industrial school, Rev. Pere Blais, teacher, number on roll 14, average attendance 14. This school is of an industrial nature and receives a grant of \$30 per annum for each pupil up to 50. Victoria agency—Whitefish lake, O. German, teacher, number on roll 36, average attendance 21. Peace hills agency—Sampson's reserve, E. Neelands, teacher, number on roll 23, average attendance 6; Sharphead's reserve, John Nelson, teacher, number on roll 27, average attendance 10. A return of the officers and employees of the department for the year with salaries and other particulars is given. From this it appears that Deputy Superintendent General Vankoughnet gets \$3,200 a year, and R. Sinclair, chief clerk and accountant, \$2,200. A total of 33 salaried officials is employed in the headquarters office in Ottawa. The Regina office sports 16 salaried officials. Hon. E. Dewdney, commissioner, \$3,200; H. A. Reid, assistant commissioner, \$2,000; T. P. Wadsworth and Alex. McGibbon, inspectors of farms and agencies, \$1,800 each. W. McGinn, clerk, \$1,600; J. C. Nelson, surveyor, \$2,190. The remaining salaries run from \$900 each to three clerks down to \$480 to H. Pratt as interpreter. The Manitoba superintendent's office sports five salaried officials at from \$2,200 down to \$700. The officials in Edmonton agency were,—W. Anderson, agent, \$1,200; J. V. Kildahl, storeman, \$520; S. Whitford, interpreter, \$600; W. J. O'Donnell, instructor, \$600. Victoria agency—J. A. Mitchell, acting agent, \$900; S. Edmundson, clerk, \$600; P. Erasmus, storeman and interpreter, \$520; C. Carson, instructor, \$600. Peace Hills agency—S. B. Lucas, agent, \$1,200; J. D. Molson, clerk, \$720; D. Whitford, interpreter, \$520; C. Symmes, storeman, \$520; J. Lee, J. Norris and J. Aylwin, farm instructors, \$40. A return of the crops grown on each reserve in the North-West is given. In the Edmonton agency Michel's band had 200 bushels of wheat, 50 of oats (these two crops were partial failures owing to snow storms after seeding) 1,000 barley, 1,500 of potatoes, 400 of turnips and 100 of garden vegetables. Alexis' band had 25 of wheat, 150 of barley, 3,000 of potatoes, 1,000 of turnips and 50 of garden vegetables. Each's band had 200

bushels of wheat, 700 of barley, 1,000 of potatoes, 512 of turnips and 200 of garden vegetables. Iron head's band had 15 bushels of wheat, 100 of barley, 1,500 of potatoes, 700 of turnips and 25 of garden stuff. Alexander's band had 200 bushels wheat, 25 of oats, 707 of barley, 4,950 of potatoes, 660 of turnips and 250 of garden stuff. In the Peace hills' agency Ermine Skin's band had 167 bushels wheat, 780 of oats, 995 of potatoes and 175 of turnips. Sampson's band had 81 bushels wheat, 300 of barley, 485 of potatoes and 70 of turnips. Sharphead's band had 10 bushels oats, 135 of barley, and 405 of potatoes. In the Victoria agency the crops generally were poor owing to drought and cut worms. Sadie lake band had 50 bushels oats, 1,055 of barley and 608 of potatoes. Wahastnow band had 67 bushels barley and 267 of potatoes. Egg lake band had 63 bushels barley and 281 of potatoes. Whitefish lake band had 365 bushels barley and 448 of potatoes. Heart and Beaver lake bands had about 900 bushels of potatoes.

The report of the Indian Commissioner for Manitoba and the North-West is dated Regina, Nov. 17th. It says "The Indians are as well disposed towards their Great Mother and her representatives as at any time since our treaties were made with them, while those of

their number who took part in the troubles of last year have quietly settled down again. The lapse of time has now enabled the settlers to look back calmly upon past occurrences, and has quite restored their confidence in the security of life and property.

The policy of rewarding those who proved faithful and depriving the rebels of their annuities has worked admirably." The Indians have taken an increased interest in farming, but crops generally have been a failure from dry weather and other causes. "A pleasant contrast in this respect to some of the reserves, has been found at Crooked lakes, Assiniboia and Birtle agencies, where some of the finest crops perhaps raised in the territories have been harvested, while some of the farms of the Prince Albert, Edmonton and Peace hills agencies have produced results which are by no means discouraging." Some of the Indians are gradually becoming self supporting, but the majority, chiefly the Blackfeet, Bloods and Piegan are not. "Were any persistent effort made to stop the rations of these Indians it is more than probable that they would commit depredations upon stock belonging to the ranches." Allusion is made to the proposed introduction of wild rice and German carp. Some reserves have been subdivided into farms at the urgent request of the Indians, as an assistance to breaking up the tribal system. Several large agencies have been subdivided to allow "ready personal access to the agent by each Indian" so that "any little complaint or petition can be heard and dealt with."

"Great progress has been made towards giving effect to your instructions to employ none but married men in the care of our Indians." Greater care has been taken to secure the fulfilment of contracts to the letter. The health of the Indians has been generally good. Measles broke out in the Victoria agency towards the close of the summer "but as assistance was promptly rendered only nine cases ended fatally in that district." The disease then spread in a south-westerly direction, but without being accompanied by many deaths. The Qu'Appelle industrial school has been steadily increasing. The Battleford school was greatly thrown back by the rebellion. The High river school was deprived of its pupils by the events of '85 and remains much in the same position. Another similar school is to be established at Long lake, under the Presbyterian denomination. The number of treaty Indians has been reduced by the withdrawal of half breeds. "Had all who were lured by the prospect of getting scrip been allowed to follow their inclination the number of withdrawals would have been considerably larger." The employment of married men on the reserves compelled the erection of improved dwellings. Bonuses have been granted for the erection of grist mills at Moose Mountain and Wolseley for Indian accommodation. The enfranchisement clauses of the Indian act have been extended to the bands of Pakan in Victoria agency, John Smith in Prince Albert agency, and the Gambler in Birtle agency. Regarding assertions of mal administration of Indian affairs: "In the face, however, of what was agreed to without a dissenting voice by the members of the North-West Council, comprising all shades of political sentiment collected from all parts of the territories, in answer to what was addressed to them at the opening of the past session, about Indian affairs amongst other matters no such apology can be offered." "There certainly have been several acts of depredation committed near the border. For these our Indians have in most cases been blamed unjustly."

The report of T. P. Wadsworth, inspector of farms and agencies, is complimentary throughout regarding the three agencies in this vicinity. Work was going ahead well in the Peace hills agency and books were in first class order. Bob tail's band left the treaty and took strip with the exception of

one family. The books of the Edmonton agency were well kept. "The work of this agency was very much interrupted and the Indians unsettled by the appearance of the scrip commission. At first there was every prospect of a regular stampede from the treaty, as it was evident that most of them were of mixed blood, but sober second thought at length prevailed, and most of them were induced to return to their reserves." Only ten souls are left in Peevasee's band at Lac la Biche, the rest having received their discharge. Thirty of Kahquanan's Beaver lake band received their discharge. "They really do not require to sow anything but potatoes. The country abounds with game and the lake with fish; attracted by the issue of scrip they were all very anxious to receive their discharge from treaty, but it was thought better as they were not sufficiently advanced that they should still remain wards of the Crown."

W. Anderson, agent, reports regarding Edmonton agency, that everything was quiet and the Indians working well. They made a good hunt, with the produce of which they procured clothing and blankets. An attempt to vaccinate failed. The general health of the bands was good. Some grain and hay was destroyed by rabbits.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, &c.

I have just made a still further sweeping reduction in the price of these that can hardly fail to secure their immediate sale. Ladies' requiring Millinery and Fancy Goods will find every variety to please and suit them here.

FURNITURE, HOUSE FURNISHINGS, CROCKERY.

Parties furnishing should call and examine my stock of the above, which for cheapness and quality are unsurpassed in the North-West. It comprises Panel Beds, Mattresses (wool and wove wire springs) Lounges, Rocking Chairs, Common Chairs, Tables, Cradles, Etc. Also Tapestry and Lace Curtains, Rugs, Matting, Wax Cloth, Table Covers, Etc., Etc.

TERMS Strictly CASH.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

Direct Importer of English Goods.

## L AFFERTY & SMITH,

### BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

BRANCHES:  
Calgary, Edmonton, Regina.

Office, Main Street, 3 doors north of Jasper House.

Drafts issued on and collections made at all available points.

Sterling and Domestic Exchanges bought and sold.

Half-breed and Soldier's Scrip and Indian Department Vouchers bought at highest market price.

P. G. GRAY,  
Manager.

## T HE STARR KIDNEY PAD.

A permanent cure for diseases, disorders and ailments of the kidneys, bladder and urinary secretive system, or attendant complaints—causing pain in small of back, sides, etc., producing urinary disorders such as too frequent, scanty, difficult or copious micturition, inability of retention and sedimentary urine. The pad cures Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel, catarrh of the bladder and passages, nervous debility, etc. Also Dr. Leunc's periodical pills.

Pads and Pills for sale by  
P. DALY & CO., Agents, Edmonton.

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## P HIL DALY & CO.

Have a complete stock of Fresh Drugs, Patent Medicines, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewellery, Clocks and Watches.

Cigars Wholesale.

Wall Paper and Garden Seeds to arrive.

Daly's Condition Powder is now in use by all farmers and horsemen, 50c pound packages.

Daly's Cough Balsam is taking the place of all others—give it a trial.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes carefully prepared at all hours.

PHIL DALY & CO.,  
Chemists and Druggists.

## T AM O' SHANTER,

THOROUGHBRED CLYDESDALE STALLION,  
Will take the following route this season,  
commencing May 2nd.

MONDAY—Noon at his own stable, Sturgeon river. Night at Jas. Reid's, Ft. Saskatchewan.

TUESDAY—Noon at A. Mowat's, opposite Clover Bar. Night at M. McLeod's, Little Mountain.

WEDNESDAY—By way of Borwick's settlement to J. F. Smith's livery stable, Edmonton, for noon. Night at Jas. McKernan's, South Side.

THURSDAY—Noon at A. Omund's, South Side. Night at M. Groat's, Edmonton.

FRIDAY—Noon at D. E. Noyes', St. Albert road. Night at E. Brousseau's, St. Albert.

SATURDAY—Noon at W. Cust's, St. Albert. Night at his own stable.

TERMS—\$5, \$8 and \$10.

Parties who have hitherto been unsuccessful in securing foals are specially requested to give this horse a trial.

GEO. HUTTON,  
Proprietor.  
WM. DUKE, Manager.

## T HE WELL-BRED CANADIAN STAL

### LIOS,

### PRIDE OF THE WEST.

Will take the following route this season:

MONDAY—Noon at Heminck's Palace Hotel, Fort Saskatchewan; night at the Half-Way House.

TUESDAY—Noon at John Fraser's, Lower Settlement; night at J. F. Smith's, Edmonton.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at John Ashen's, South side; night at Jas. McKernan's, South side.

THURSDAY—Noon at E. & S. Land Co.'s barn; night at John T. Turner's, Clover Bar.

FRIDAY—Will proceed to his home stand (Wm. Walker's) where he will remain until Monday morning.

TERMS—\$5, \$8, and \$10.

We have a good pasture with spring creek in it, well fenced. Any parties not using their mares may send them down and they will be attended to free of charge.

F. & A. ADAMSON,  
W. WALKER,  
Proprietors.

## YOUNG BALLENTINE,

### THOROUGHBRED ROADSTER.

MONDAY—Noon at his own stable, St. Albert; night at Geo. Long's, Sturgeon River.

TUESDAY—Noon at Smith's Livery Stable, Edmonton; night at K. Macdonald's, Edmonton.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at A. McKinlay's, South Side; night at J. Ashen's, South Side.

THURSDAY—Noon at D. E. Noyes', St. Albert road; night at his own stable, where he will remain until Monday afternoon.

TERMS, \$6, \$10 and \$15.

MALONEY BROS.  
Proprietors.

## N OTICE.

All accounts due for services of stallion W. H. Baldwin; season of 1884 and 1885 must be paid to Donald Ross, who is the only authorized party to receive the same.

ROBERT J. VANCE.

Edmonton, 26th April, 1888.

These accounts must be paid forthwith, otherwise they will be put in solicitor's hands.

DONALD ROSS.

Edmonton, April 30th, 1887.

FARMERS & OTHERS in want of Agricultural Implements will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, who has a stock of Plows, Harrows, Mowers, Rakes and seeders on hand. Orders taken for the Best Light All Steel Binder in the world. Twine, etc. To arrive, a car load of Farm Wagons and Buck-boards.

Town lots for sale in Edmonton and Ft. Saskatchewan well situated for business and private residence. Enquire of the undersigned.

W. S. ROBERTSON,  
Real Estate and Manufacturers' Agent.

PLASTERING and Cement Work, Plain and Ornamental, Hard sand or plaster of Paris finish. Call and examine our prices, our aim being to give satisfaction at the lowest cost. Office and yard Fraser avenue.

WILLIAM JOHNSTONE,  
DOUGLAS PETRIE.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.—A Mower and Rake, Breaking Plow, Set Harrows, and Buckboard. Apply to

JAS. LAUDER.

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

As set forth in Section 1 of the Ordinance respecting the administration of civil Justice 1886 "from and after the commencement of this ordinance the several jurisdictions vested in the High Court of Justice shall cease to be exercised except in the name of the Supreme Court." This ordinance is almost exactly similar in substance to the English supreme court judicature act which now regulates the procedure of the courts of England, upon the framing of which act the experience and wisdom of the most eminent and learned members of the English bench and bar were brought to bear to do away with all unnecessary procedure and vexatious pleadings and bring about the most simple and judicious method of procedure in the administration of justice. These acts have answered the purposes for which they have been framed so well that Ontario has adopted similar procedure and it is merely a matter of time before the other English speaking provinces of Canada do the same.

While it is natural for a great many people to look with suspicion and dislike upon any system that apparently complicates the administration of justice they must not forget that it is the advance of civilization, the intricacies of commerce and the wider and more diverse business transactions that demand the machinery of the courts of justice to be so constituted as to answer the requirements and necessities of the times.

The procedure in the supreme court differs materially from that under the administration of justice ordinance 1884 and amendments thereto. Under the old practise the writ of summons, except in certain specified cases, merely called upon the defendant served therewith to appear at the next sittings of the court if he wished to defend the action. But now the writ summons the defendant if he wishes to defend, to enter an appearance with the clerk of the court within ten days after the service upon him, or judgement may be entered against him for the amount of the plaintiff's claim, if it be a liquidated debt, that is a matter of account, or ascertained amount not sounding in damages. If the defendant so appears he files with the clerk of the court at the same time a statement of his defence and serves the plaintiff or his advocate with a copy thereof. If the defendant has a counter claim against the plaintiff he states it in his defence and the plaintiff replies thereto. An order is then obtained from a judge of the court, upon notice of application being given to the opposite party, setting down the case for trial and a copy thereof served and the matter proceeds to trial. If the amount sued for is not an ascertained amount and the defendant fails to appear to the writ, at the expiration of ten days from the service of the writ upon him, the plaintiff in certain cases, as for the detention of goods and where the damages sued for is a matter of calculation and several other cases, may sign what is called interlocutory judgment and the plaintiff then proceeds to have his damages assessed as the court may direct, and upon the assessment thereof to sign final judgment.

The advantages of the present procedure are many and apparent. For instance a plaintiff suing for a just debt or liquidated demand instead of being compelled to wait until a sitting of the court was held for judgment against his debtor, may now at the expiration of ten days after service of the writ in default of appearance sign final judgment, and fifteen days after judgment issue execution. Certainly if the defendant wishes to harass and delay the plaintiff and is willing to incur the expense he may enter an appearance with the clerk and file a fictitious defense, but this being shown by affidavit, on application to a judge the appearance and defense may be struck out and judgment entered against him, the defendant being called upon to show cause against such application. Written pleadings are now required, but these are, in ordinary cases, so very simple and such care and wisdom has been expended to prevent chicanery and what lawyers call sharp practice, also to avoid any possibility of an advantage being taken of technicalities and such wide powers of amendment have been given the judges that with ordinary care and intelligence it is almost impossible for a case to go off on any other grounds than that of the law and the merits. The supreme court is both a court of law and of equity, and a defendant who may have no legal defense to an action at law may plead an equitable defense. The 10th section of this ordinance states that "any judgment entered upon default of appearance may be set aside or varied by the court or judge upon such terms as may be just." Writs of attachment and replevin can now be issued only at or after the commencement of an action by writ of summons and the procedure is virtually the same as before this ordinance.

In garnishee proceedings, upon the affidavit of a plaintiff or his advocate stating that judgment has been recovered for a certain amount and is still unsatisfied, and also before judgment where the claim is for a

debt or liquidated demand showing the nature and amount of such claim, and stating further that any other person is indebted to such debtor and is within the jurisdiction of the court, and filing such affidavit with the clerk, the clerk shall issue a summons calling upon the said person to appear within ten days after service of such summons and state whether or not he admits any indebtedness due as alleged; provided that no order be made against the garnishee until judgment has been given for the plaintiff in the original action, and provided also that no debt due or accruing to a mechanic, laborer, servant, clerk or employee shall be attached to the extent of one month's wages, not exceeding fifty dollars.

The fact of there being no resident Judge in Edmonton is obviously a hardship to litigants. All chamber applications for a judge's order in the intervals between the sittings of the court having to be made by agents in Calgary and cause a delay of two weeks at least in chamber proceedings, but still we have reason to congratulate ourselves that at this early stage of our existence we have a system of procedure that few pioneer settlements have had the good fortune to possess.

C. L. S.

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

MONDAY, May 9.

Bill 49 to incorporate the Upper Columbia railway company was read a second time; also bill 59 to amend the act incorporating the Alberta & Athabasca railway company.

Mr. Pope in answer to Mara said that the C. P. R. rates in British Columbia have not been submitted for approval to the government, but the company had promised to submit them in a few days.

The estimates were presented.

TUESDAY, May 10.

Mr. Shanly introduced bill 70 to incorporate the Alberta railway company.

On motion of Mr. Casey a return was ordered of the report of W. Pearce on the Banff springs reservation and a return of all expenditures on the park to date.

Bill No. 56 to incorporate the Alberta & British Columbia railway company was read a second time.

On motion of Somerville a return was ordered of all correspondence on North West Indian affairs between the department of Indian affairs and Rev. Jas. Robertson.

WEDNESDAY, May 10.

Petitions were received from several municipalities in Manitoba asking for power to tax the North-West Land company's lands.

C. C. Colby M. P. for Stanstead was appointed deputy speaker.

Bowell in answer to Charlton said that the bounty paid on pig iron manufactured in Canada for the year ending June 30th, '80 was \$39,269.

Sir A. P. Caron in reply to Mr. Edgar said that an allowance of \$8.15 per man had been made the Queen's Own and Grenadiers in '80 in lieu of a kit, but none had been allowed the York and Simcoe battalions.

Charlton asked for information regarding the appointment of Dr. Dodd as medical attendant to vaccinate the File Hill Indians at \$20 a day when competent men could have been secured who resided much nearer. Sir John replied that the vaccination had cost 24 cents per head, the usual charge being 50 cents.

Charlton asked how it was that Dr. Collings received only \$15 for medical attendance at the Qu'Appelle industrial school for 16 months, when his successor Dr. Seymour received \$50 a month. Answered that Collings was paid for only two visits, while Seymour was permanently appointed.

THURSDAY, May 12.

A petition was received from the Winnipeg & Hudson's Bay railway company to amend its charter.

On motion of Mr. Watson his anti-disallowance resolutions were deferred until next Tuesday to make way for the budget speech.

Sir Charles Tupper made the budget speech. It was expected that customs would yield \$22,500,000, excise \$6,400,000, miscellaneous \$7,500,000, total \$36,400,000. The expenditure is estimated at \$35,641,855, with an additional expenditure on capital account of \$7,279,327.

FRIDAY, May 13.

Searth introduced bill 86 respecting the Edmonton & Saskatchewan Land company limited.

Grandbois introduced bill 87 to revive the charter of the Quebec & James' Bay railway company.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Friday evening, May 27th, 1887. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max	Min
Saturday,	59	31
Sunday,	71	39
Monday,	81	42
Tuesday,	85	44
Wednesday,	70	38
Thursday,	69	50
Friday,	76	44

Barometer falling, 27.720.

Nominations took place at Indian Head on May 11th to fill the vacancy for Qu'Appelle in the North-West Council, caused by the resignation of W. D. Perley. Levi Thompson of Ellishoro, Geo. L. Dodds of Wolseley, W. Sutherland of Ft. Qu'Appelle, W. Howey and G. E. Phipps of Summerberry were nominated. May 24th was election day.

LIME, LIME.

Ready for sale about May 20th at the kiln on the Miners' Flat. G. ANDERSON.

PLANTS FOR SALE.

CAULIFLOWER, CABBAGE, ETC.

Apply to the undersigned,  
JAS. PRICE,  
Little Mountain.

FOR SALE.

A half share in the limestone quarry of Galbraith & Burns, within twenty miles of Edmonton. Apply to the undersigned.  
W. J. BURNS.

LONDON & LANCASTER LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

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When desiring Life, Accident or Fire Insurance please call. Will make rates right.  
P. G. GRAY,  
Agent.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

JUST ARRIVED

FROM MONTREAL

A LARGE STOCK OF

HATS, HATS, HATS,

PRINTS,

DRESS GOODS.

GROCERIES,

OATMEAL, ETC.

AT

BROWN & CURRY'S.

BLACKSMITH CARRIAGE SHOP.

At Edmonton ferry landing, south side, opposite the fort. The undersigned having secured the services of a first-class General Blacksmith and Machinist is now prepared to do all sorts of work in these lines on the shortest notice. Also on hand a complete stock of patent wheels, spokes, fellows, axles, shafts, tongues, reaches, plow beams and handles, neck yokes and whipple trees, etc. Orders for carriage building and repairing promptly attended to.

JOHN WALTER.

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BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, &c.

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PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office next door north of Jasper House.

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St. George's Hospital, London, Temporary residence and consulting room, second leg house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

DAVIS & COSTIGAN, Barristers, Advocates and Conveyancers. Money to loan. Government departmental work strictly attended to. Offices over Thomson Bros' Book Store, Calgary, N.W.T. E. P. DAVIS, J. R. COSTIGAN.

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DENTIST, CALGARY.

Rooms over J. S. Gibb & Co's store. Entrance at side door opposite Roller Skating Rink.

SHAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, ETC., EDMONTON, Alberta, N. W. T.

CHARLES L. SHAW, ANTONIO PRINCE.

HOTELS.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, South side of Main street. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. X. ST. JEAN, proprietor.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

KELLY HOUSE—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pogier, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.

L. KELLY, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

EVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCUALEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

ROSS BROS., Tinsmiths, manufacturers of all kinds of tin, sheet iron and copper wares. Shop in new building next to J. A. McDougall & Co., Main street, Edmonton.

ANDERSON & LOOBY, General Blacksmiths. Horse-hoofing a specialty. All kinds of repairing done neatly and quickly. Shop on Main street, Edmonton.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. In rear of Sanderson & Looby's Blacksmith Shop, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour. Also a few head of mares for sale—or will exchange for grain. Stabling in connection with Kelly's hotel.